

Scalable Services for Digital Preservation

A Perspective on Cloud Computing

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Digital Preservation (DP)

- Providing long-term access to growing collections of digital assets.
 - Not just a question of storage
 - Not just a question of files
- Software preservation rather than hardware preservation
 - Prevent objects from becoming uninterpretable bit-streams.
 - Requires establishment of research infrastructures and networks.
 - » Not an out-of-the-box solution
- A number of large EU projects and initiatives are dealing with the implications of digital preservation.
 - FP6/FP7: Planets, CASPAR, DPE, SHAMAN

Planets

- “Permanent Long-term Access through NETworked Services”
- Addresses the problem of digital preservation
 - driven by National Libraries and Archives
- Project instrument: FP6 Integrated Project
- 5. IST Call
- Consortium: 16 organisations from 7 countries
- Duration: 48 months, June 2006 – May 2010
- Budget: 14 Million Euro
- <http://www.planets-project.eu/>



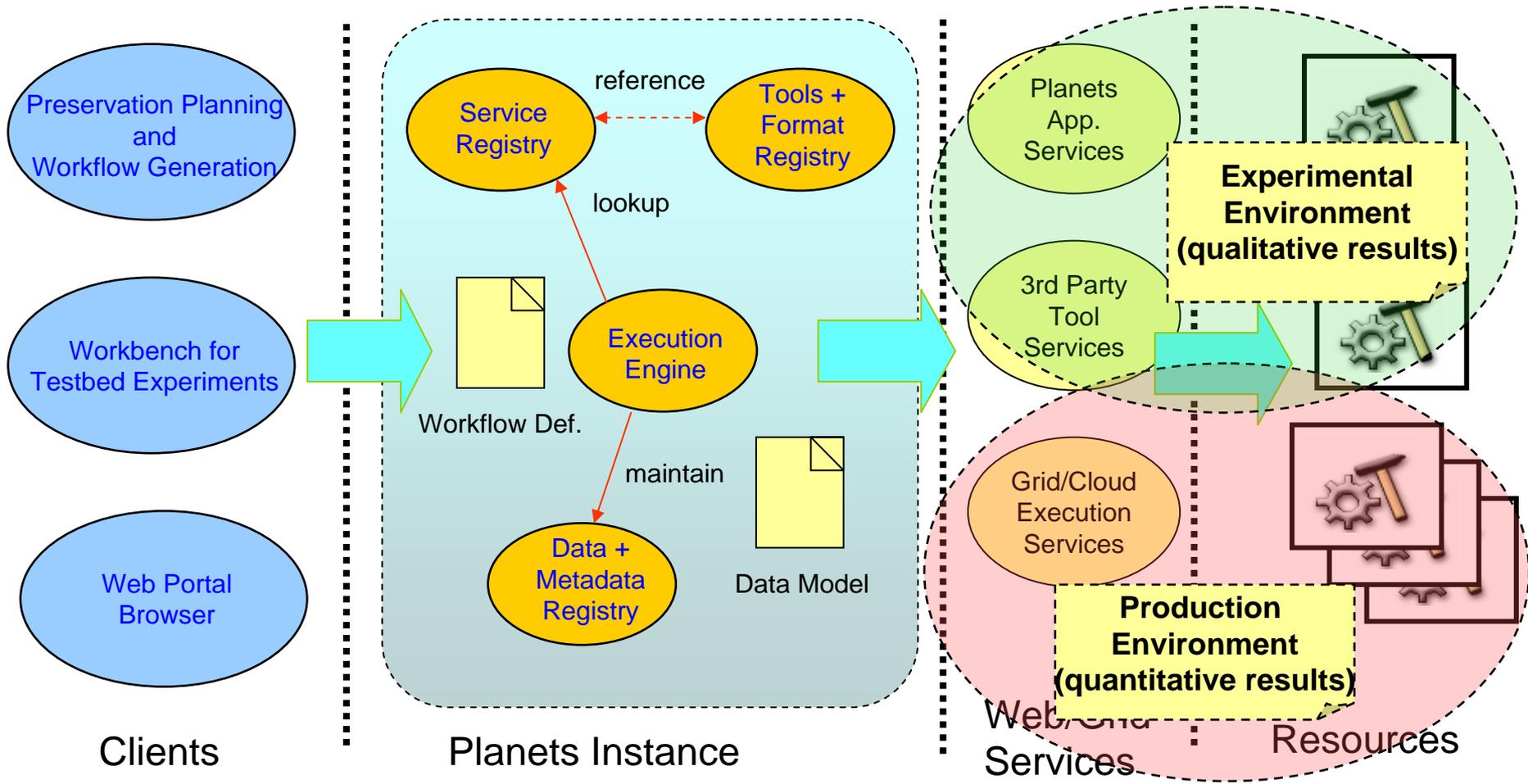
Why does DP need HPC resources?

- Digital object management systems, repositories, or archives are designed for storing and providing access to large amounts of data.
 - Many different data streams and metadata models
 - Not designed to support continuous data modification.
 - Focus on storage, no support for HPC.
- Digital preservation is an e-science problem
 - Processing vast amounts of complex data (e.g. analyse, migrate),
 - Experiments in distributed and heterogeneous environments,
 - Crossing administrative and institutional boundaries.

Towards Grid and Cloud Computing

- Planets preservation architecture is based on services.
 - Supports interoperability and a distributed environment
 - Sufficient for a controlled experiments (Testbed)
- Not sufficient for handling a *production environment*
 - Massively, uncontrolled user requests
 - Mass migration of hundreds of TBytes of data
- Content Holders are faced with loosing vast amounts of data
 - Holding not sufficient computational resources in-house
- There is a clear requirement for incorporating HPC facilities
 - > Grid and Cloud Computing

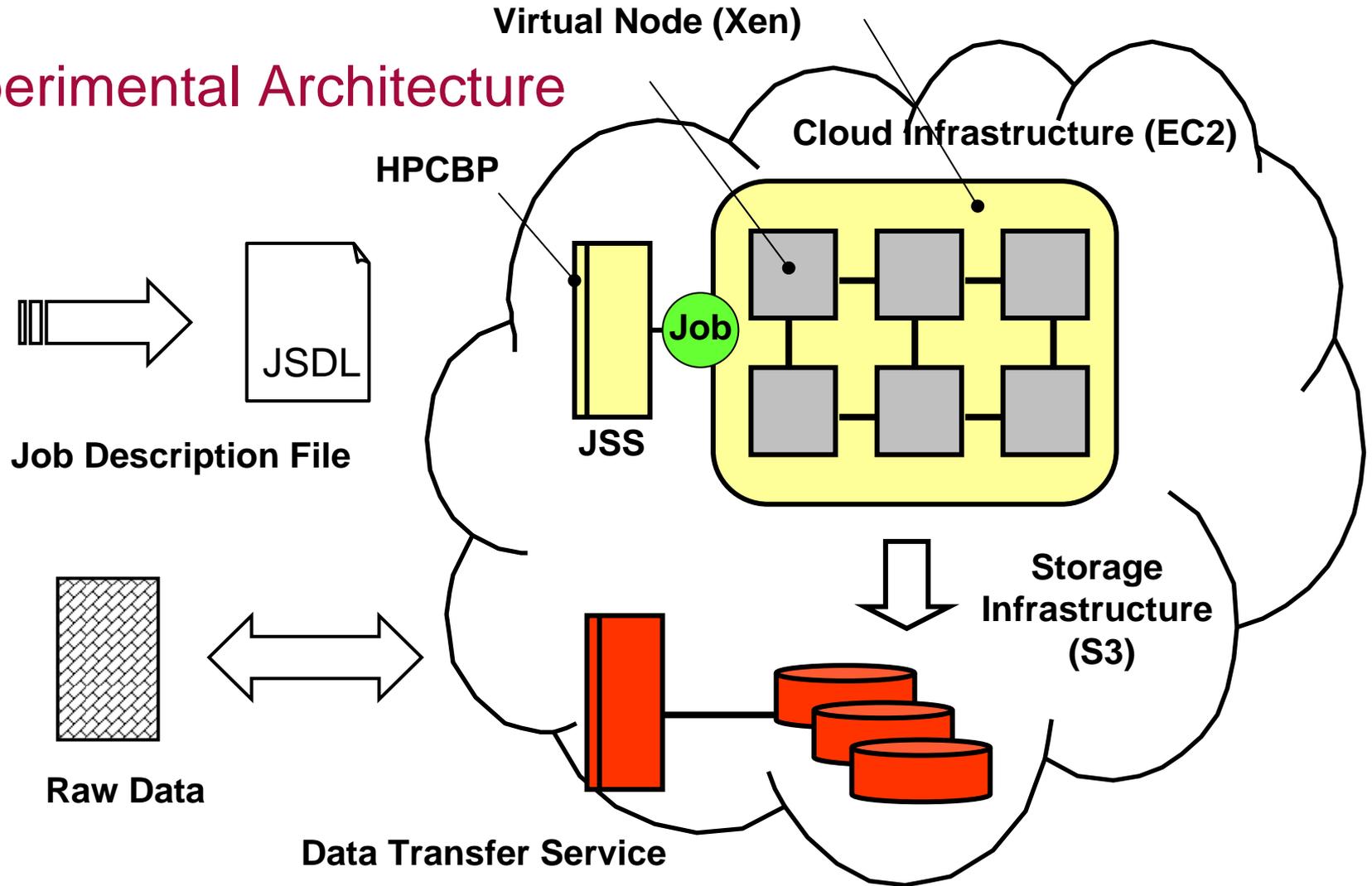
Execution – Tiered Architecture



Integrating Clouds and Virtual Clusters

- Basic Idea: Extending Planets SOA with Grid Services
- The Planets IF Job Submission Services
 - Allow Job Submission to a PC cluster (e.g. Hadoop, Condor)
 - standard Grid protocols/interfaces (SOAP, HPC-BP, JSDL)
- Cluster nodes are instantiated from pre-configured system images
 - Most Preservation Tools are 3rd party applications
 - Software need to be preinstalled on cluster nodes
- Cluster and JSS be instantiated *in-house* (e.g. a PC lab) or on top of (leased) cloud resources (AWS EC2).
 - Computation be moved to data or vice-versa

Experimental Architecture



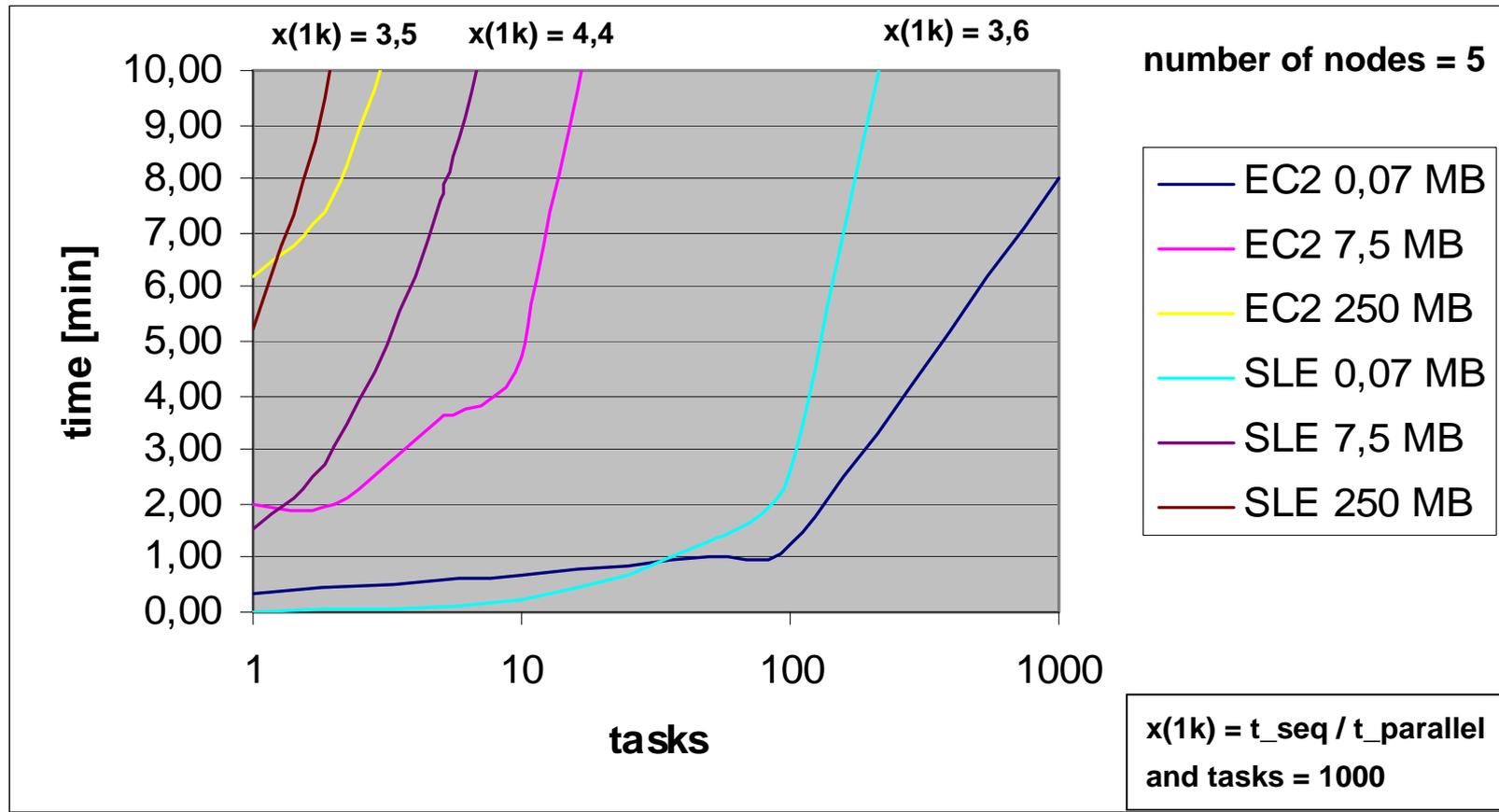
Mass Migration of Digital Objects

- Map-Reduce implements a framework and prog. model for processing large documents (Sorting, Searching, Indexing) on multiple nodes.
 - Automated decomposition (split)
 - Mapping to intermediary pairs (map), optionally (combine)
 - Merge output (reduce)
- Provides implementation for data parallel problems, i/o intensive,
- Example: Conversion digital object (e.g website, folder, archive)
 - Decompose into atomic pieces (e.g. file, image, movie)
 - On each node, convert piece to target format
 - Merge pieces and create new data object

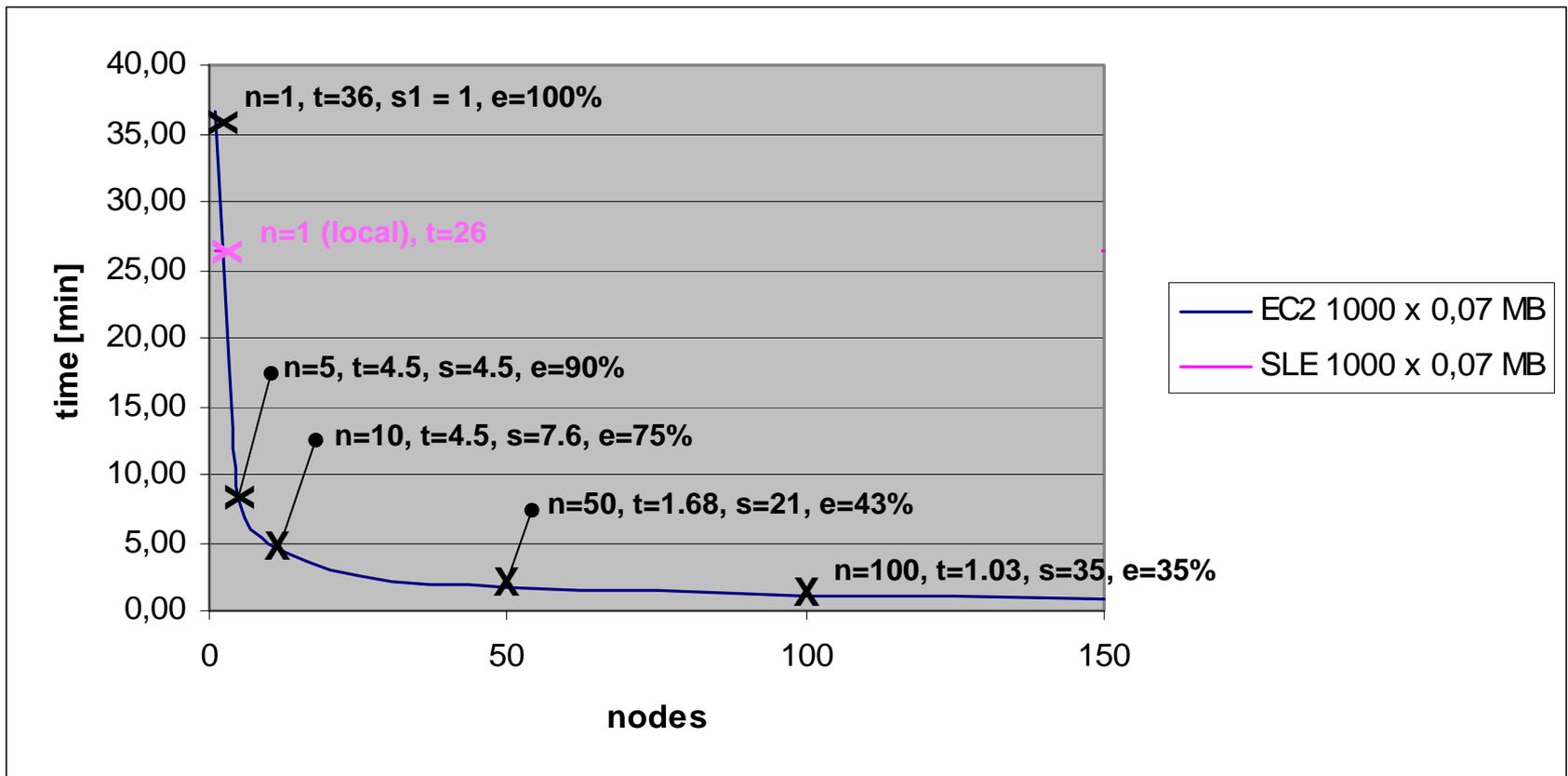
Experimental Results - Setup

- Amazon *Elastic Compute Cloud (EC2)*
 - 1 – 150 cluster nodes
 - Custom image based on Fedora 8 i386
- Amazon *Simple Storage Service (S3)*
 - max. 1TB I/O,
 - ~32,5MB/s download / ~13,8MB/s upload (cloud internally)
- Apache Hadoop (v.0.18)
 - MapReduce Implementation
- Preinstalled command line tools (e.g, ps2pdf)

Experimental Results 1 – Scaling Job Size



Experimental Results 2 – Scaling #nodes



Conclusion

- Preservation systems need to employ HPC resources.
 - Content holders and data repository systems are not ready to utilize computational Grids.
 - There is a need to bridge research communities in the areas of digital preservation and e-science.
- Cloud Computing provides a powerful solution for getting on-demand access to appropriate HPC resources.
 - Many integration issues: Security, Legal Aspects, Reliability, Standardization.
- Planets IF Job Submission Service, a first step.
 - Submission to virtual cluster of DP nodes based on Grid protocols/interfaces.

Fin

The Planets Service Framework

- Defines an Service-Oriented Architecture for Digital Preservation
 - Set of Preservation Services, Interfaces, a common Data Model
- Implements Common Services
 - Authentication and Authorization, Monitoring, Logging, Notification, ...
 - Service Registration and Lookup
- Provides Workflow Enactment Service and Engine
 - Components-based, XML serialization
- APIs for Applications that *use* Planets
 - Testbed Experiments, Executing Preservation Plans



```
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  </jSDL:Application>
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</jSDL:JobDefinition>
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